Financial statements December 31, 2020

Independent auditor's report

To the Board of Directors of **The Sunshine Foundation of Canada**

Qualified opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **The Sunshine Foundation of Canada** [the "Foundation"], which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statements of operations and changes in fund balances and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as at December 31, 2020, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for qualified opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

In common with many charitable organizations, the Foundation derives revenue from donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of this revenue was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Foundation and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenue, excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures for the year, and cash and fund balances, end of year.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our qualified opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based
 on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may
 cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the
 financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our qualified opinion. Our conclusions
 are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or
 conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

London, Canada _____, 2021

Statement of financial position

As at December 31

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Assets		
Current		
Cash	1,415,158	1,072,069
Accounts receivable	123,568	250,166
Prepaid expenses	42,896	163,193
Total current assets	1,581,622	1,485,428
Investments [note 3]	3,142,880	3,010,696
Capital assets, net [note 4]	57,024	77,387
	4,781,526	4,573,511
Liabilities and fund balances		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	65,211	208,185
Total current liabilities	65,211	208,185
Lease Commitments [note 6]		
Fund halanaaa (aata 51		
Fund balances [note 5] Operating Fund	4 004 740	4 4 4 0 775
Endowment Fund	1,684,740	1,448,775
	3,031,575	2,916,551
Total fund balances	4,716,315	4,365,326
	4,781,526	4,573,511
0		
See accompanying notes		

Approved by the Board:

Director

Director

Statement of operations and changes in fund balances

Year ended December 31

		2020			2019	
	Operating	Endowment		Operating	Endowment	
	Fund	Fund	Total	Fund	Fund	Total
-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue						
Donations [note 7]	1,458,100	_	1,458,100	1,949,573	_	1,949,573
Investment income (loss), net [note 3]	—	231,850	231,850	—	378,935	378,935
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,458,100	231,850	1,689,950	1,949,573	378,935	2,328,508
Fundraising expenses [note 8]	654,295		654,295	894,144	_	894,144
	803,805	231,850	1,035,655	1,055,429	378,935	1,434,364
Expenditures						
Programs [note 8]	416,380	_	416,380	1,061,055	_	1,061,055
Administration [note 8]	268,286	_	268,286	302,356	_	302,356
	684,666	_	684,666	1,363,411		1,363,411
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures for the year	119,139	231,850	350,989	(307,982)	378,935	70,953
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,448,775	2,916,551	4,365,326	1,649,807	2,644,566	4,294,373
Inter-fund transfer [note 5]	116,826	(116,826)	· · · ·	106,950	(106,950)	
Fund balances, end of year	1,684,740	3,031,575	4,716,315	1,448,775	2,916,551	4,365,326

See accompanying notes

Statement of cash flows

Year ended December 31

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Operating activities		
Excess of revenue over expenditures for the year	350,989	70,953
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash		
Unrealized gains on investments, net	(176,812)	(219,040)
Accrued interest, net	8,414	(6,165)
Loss (gain) on sale of investments	3,481	(95,341)
Amortization of capital assets	20,363	31,241
	206,435	(218,352)
Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to		
operations [note 9]	103,921	48,497
Cash provided (used) in operating activities	310,356	(169,855)
Investing activities		
Purchase of capital assets	_	(32,881)
Purchase of investments	(416,734)	(948,707)
Proceeds from sale of investments	449,467	958,932
Cash provided (used) in investing activities	32,733	(22,656)
Net increase (decrease) in cash during the year	343,089	(192,511)
Cash, beginning of year	1,072,069	1,264,580
Cash, end of year	1,415,158	1,072,069
Cash, end of year	1,415,158	1,072,069

See accompanying notes

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2020

1. Nature of operations

The Sunshine Foundation of Canada [the "Foundation"] makes dreams come true for children challenged by severe physical disabilities or life-threatening illnesses.

The Foundation is incorporated under the *Canada Corporations Act* as a not-for-profit organization and has been continued under the *Canada not-for-profit Corporations Act*. It is a registered charity under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). As such, the Foundation is exempt from income taxes and is allowed to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Part III of the *CPA Canada Handbook – Accounting*, "Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations", which sets out generally accepted accounting principles for not-for-profit organizations in Canada and includes the significant accounting policies summarized below.

Fund accounting

In order to ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the Foundation, the accounts of the Foundation are maintained in accordance with the principles of "fund accounting". Under these principles, resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds that are consistent with specified activities or objectives. The Foundation uses two fund groups: Operating Fund and Endowment Fund.

The Endowment funds are externally restricted and were established, consistent with the mission of the Foundation, to fulfil the dreams of children with life-threatening illnesses or severe physical disabilities. The Endowment Fund reports amounts that are required to be maintained by the Foundation on a permanent basis. Investment income, which consists of interest, dividends, income distributions from pooled funds, and realized and unrealized gains or losses earned from investments are reported in the Endowment funds.

According to the agreement with the County Heritage/Stevenson Hunt Golf Classic Endowment Fund, the Mio/Manz Sunshine Endowment Fund, and the Bill White Memorial Dream Endowment Fund, a fixed percentage of the opening balance of the market value of invested assets is transferred to the Operating Fund at period-end.

The Operating Fund accounts for the Foundation's operational revenue, and program and administrative expenditures. Unrestricted donations are reported in the Operating Fund. Expenditures of the Operating Fund are financed primarily by donor contributions directed to general operations.

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2020

Tangible and intangible assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives at the following annual rates:

Leasehold improvements	20%
Office furniture and fixtures	10%
Computer systems	20%
Telephone systems	20%
Website development costs	33.3%

Financial instruments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Transactions are recorded on a trade date basis and transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Interest earned, interest accrued, gains and losses realized on disposal and unrealized gains and losses from market fluctuations are included in investment income.

Other financial instruments, including accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, are initially recorded at their fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, net of any provisions for impairment.

Determination of fair value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount of consideration that would be agreed upon in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties who are under no compulsion to act. The fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is the transaction price, which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. Subsequent to initial recognition, the fair values of financial instruments that are quoted in active markets are based on the latest closing price. When independent prices are not available, fair values are determined by using valuation techniques that refer to observable market data.

Revenue recognition and deferred revenue

Donations are recognized when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Endowment donations are recognized as direct increases in the Endowment Fund balance.

Donations designated by a donor for specific activities that will occur in a subsequent year are deferred. Deferred donations are recognized as revenue of the Operating Fund in the year in which expenditures are incurred for the designated activity.

Donations without designation are recognized as revenue of the Operating Fund.

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2020

Expenditures

The direct expenses related to the Foundation's activities are allocated to each function in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances. The Foundation also incurs general support expenses that are common to the administration of the Foundation and each of its functions. These expenses are allocated to functions as identified in note 9.

The allocated expenses include those related to personnel, facility resources, insurance and amortization. These expenses are allocated proportionately based on personnel hours incurred, or office space occupied.

Investments and investment income

Equity investments consist of marketable securities and Fixed income investments consist of fixed income securities, all of which are recorded at market value.

Marketable securities and fixed income securities that are publicly traded are valued based on the latest bid prices. Transactions are recorded on a trade date basis, and transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Investment income, which consists of dividends, interest income, and realized and unrealized gains and losses on cash and securities, is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Areas requiring estimates and assumptions include the valuation of deferred contributions and useful life of capital assets.

Donated services and materials

Volunteers contribute many hours per year to assist the Foundation in carrying out its activities. Because of the difficulty in determining fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements. Contributed materials are recognized in the financial statements when the value can be reasonably estimated.

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2020

3. Investments

Unrealized gains, net

Investments consist of the following:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Fixed income investments	1,359,550	1,290,355
Equity investments	1,783,330	1,720,341
	3,142,880	3,010,696
Investment income (loss), net consists of the following:	2020 \$	2019 \$
Interest income	40,846	37,516
Dividend income	34,921	48,104
Realized gains (losses), net	(3,481)	95,341
Investment management fees	(17,248)	(21,066)

Fixed income investments bear interest at varying rates between 2.430 % and 4.609%. The fixed income investments mature at varying dates between April 23, 2021 and June 5, 2030. Investment management fees on any mutual or segregated funds are not separated from interest and dividend income.

176,812

231,850

219,040

378,935

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2020

4. Capital assets

Capital assets consist of the following:

		2020	
		Accumulated	Net book
	Cost	amortization	value
	\$	\$	\$
Tangible			
Leasehold improvements	14,936	11,118	3,818
Office furniture and fixtures	130,293	98,930	31,363
Computer systems	211,941	191,521	20,420
Telephone systems	41,763	40,340	1,423
Intangible			
Website development costs	71,654	71,654	—
	470,587	413,563	57,024
		2019	
		Accumulated	Net book
	Cost	amortization	value
	\$	\$	\$
Tangible			
Leasehold improvements	14,936	10,119	4,817
Office furniture and fixtures	130,293	89,814	40,479
Computer systems	211,941	181,273	30,668
Telephone systems	41,763	40,340	1,423
Intangible			
Website development costs	71,654	71,654	_
	470,587	393,200	77,387

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2020

5. Operating and Endowment Funds

The Operating and Endowment Funds consist of the following:	2020 \$	2019 \$
Operating Fund		
Dreams Program	300,000	800,000
Reserve	400,000	516,000
Capital assets	20,000	20,000
Undesignated	964,740	112,775
	1,684,740	1,448,775
Endowment Fund		
County Heritage/Stevenson Hunt Golf Classic Endowment Fund	1,785,517	1,703,183
Mio/Manz Sunshine Endowment Fund	1,045,454	1,022,983
Bill White Memorial Dream Endowment Fund	200,604	190,385
	3,031,575	2,916,551

Operating Fund

The Foundation's Dreams Program for a particular year is funded by surplus earned in prior years. During the annual budgeting process, the Foundation allocates a portion of the Operating Fund surplus to be spent on the Dreams Program in the upcoming year.

The Reserve represents an amount that is internally restricted to provide funds to ensure operations continue uninterrupted in the event of unanticipated significant negative change in the Foundation's core revenue. The Foundation maintains a reserve that, together with the surplus allocated to the Dreams Program, represents three to six months of the budgeted expenses for the upcoming fiscal year.

The Foundation's capital asset acquisitions are funded by surplus earned in prior years. During the annual budgeting process, the Foundation allocates a portion of the Operating Fund surplus to be spent on capital assets in the upcoming year.

The undesignated portion of the Operating Fund comprises [i] surplus invested in capital assets and prepaid expenses; and [ii] investment income earned by the endowment funds in excess of the specified minimum capital level that has been transferred to the Operating Fund and will be used for dream fulfilment in future years after the income has been realized.

Endowment Fund

The three externally restricted endowment funds were established, consistent with the mission of the Foundation, to fulfil the dreams of children with life-threatening illnesses or severe physical disabilities. Investment income, including unrealized gains and losses, is included in the Endowment Fund until it is transferred to the Operating

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2020

Fund in accordance with the disbursement policy agreed upon with the third-party donor to be used for dream fulfilment in a future year.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, \$116,826 of investment income earned by the Endowment Fund was transferred to the Operating Fund [2019 – \$106,950].

6. Lease commitments

The Foundation currently leases its premises and equipment. The future minimum annual lease commitments under the existing leases are as follows:

	\$
2021	61,169
2022	65,816
2023	2,014

7. Donations

In accordance with the disclosure requirements set out by the Alcohol and Gaming Commission of Ontario, the Operating Fund donations include gross gaming revenue from the following sources:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Break Open Tickets gross revenue	104,194	124,238
Break Open Tickets net proceeds	71,277	74,296

These net proceeds are used to fund Dreams Programs in the Province of Ontario.

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2020

8. Allocation of expenses

General support and administration costs have been allocated and included in the following categories of expenditures:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Fundraising	429,772	594,829
Programs	194,117	369,622
Administration	105,505	149,097
	729,394	1,113,548

9. Statement of cash flows

The net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations consists of the following:

	\$
126,598	13,570
120,297	2,333
296,293	15,903
(142,974)	32,594
103,921	48,497
	<u>120,297</u> <u>296,293</u> (142,974)

10. Financial instruments and risk management

The Foundation is exposed to various financial risks through transactions in financial instruments.

Currency risk

The Foundation is exposed to currency risk with respect to [i] its US dollar cash holdings [\$45,140 USD] and [ii] its investments denominated in foreign currencies [\$399,085 USD], including the underlying investments of its pooled funds denominated in foreign currencies, because the fair value and future cash flows will fluctuate due to the changes in the relative value of foreign currencies against the Canadian dollar. The Foundation has not entered into hedging transactions to mitigate this risk.

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2020

Credit risk

The Foundation is exposed to credit risk in connection with its accounts receivable and its short-term and fixed income investments because of the risk that one party to the financial instrument may cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The maximum credit risk is limited to the balance of the accounts receivable.

Interest rate risk

The Foundation is exposed to interest rate risk with respect to its investments in fixed income investments and a pooled fund that holds fixed income securities because the fair value will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

Other price risk

The Foundation is exposed to other price risk through changes in market prices [other than changes arising from interest rate risk or currency risk] in connection with its investments in equity securities and pooled funds.

Liquidity risk

The Foundation is exposed to the risk that it will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Foundation has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Foundation's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Foundation also manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipated investing, capital and financing activities to ensure it has sufficient available funds to meet current and foreseeable financial requirements.

11. Credit Facility

The Foundation has an operating line of credit facility of 175,000 with its bank that bears interest at the bank's prime lending rate of 3.95% [2019 – 3.95%] plus 1.4%. As at December 31, 2020, the Foundation has drawn nil funds on the credit facility [2019 – nil].

As collateral for the credit facility, the Foundation has provided the bank with a general security agreement constituting a first ranking security interest in all property of the Foundation.

12. COVID-19

In March 2020, the outbreak of the coronavirus disease ["COVID-19"] has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods and social distancing, have caused material disruption to businesses globally, resulting in an economic slowdown. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak are unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. As a result, it is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of those developments nor the impact on the financial position and financial results of the Foundation in future periods.